Financial Report
with Supplemental Information
June 30, 2016

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education
Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County (the "School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County as of June 30, 2016 and the respective changes in its financial position for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Board of Education
Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, pension system schedules of funding progress and employer contributions, and the major fund budgetary comparison schedule as identified in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County's basic financial statements. The other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 21, 2016 on our consideration of Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County's (the "School District") annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the School District financially as a whole. The Government-wide financial statements provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. The fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the School District's operations in more detail than the Government-wide financial statements by providing information about the School District's most significant fund - the General Fund - with all other funds presented in one column as nonmajor funds. The remaining statement, the statement of fiduciary net position, presents financial information about activities for which the School District acts solely as an agent for the benefit of students and parents. The annual report includes the following:

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplemental Information)

Basic Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements Fund Financial Statements

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

(Required Supplemental Information)
Budgetary Information for Major Fund
Pension Plan Schedules

Other Supplemental Information

Reporting the School District as a Whole - Government-wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the School District is, "As a whole, what is the School District's financial condition as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities, which appear first in the School District's financial statements, report information on the School District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. We prepare these statements to include all assets and liabilities, using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

These two statements report Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County's net position - the difference between assets and deferred outflows, compared to liabilities and deferred inflows, as reported in the statement of net position - as one way to measure the School District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net position - as reported in the statement of activities - are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenue and expenses is the School District's operating results. However, the School District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other nonfinancial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and the safety of the schools, to assess the overall health of the School District.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities report the governmental activities for the School District, which encompass all of the School District's services, including instruction, support services, community services, athletics, and food services. Property taxes, unrestricted state aid (foundation allowance revenue), and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds - Fund Financial Statements

The School District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the School District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, the School District establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (the Cafeteria Fund would be an example) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money (such as bond-funded construction funds used for voter-approved capital projects). The governmental funds of the School District use the following accounting approach:

Governmental Funds - All of the School District's services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the operations of the School District and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation.

The School District as Trustee - Reporting the School District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its student activity funds. All of the School District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets. We exclude these activities from the School District's other financial statements because the School District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table I provides a summary of the School District's net position as of 2016 and 2015:

TABLE I	Governmental Activities			
	June 30			
		015		
		(in mil	lions)	
Assets			•	
Current and other assets	\$	16.3	\$	15.5
Capital assets		66.1		68.1
Total assets		82.4		83.6
Deferred Outflows of Resources		10.2		4.5
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		92.6		88. I
Liabilities				
Current liabilities		10.8		11.0
Long-term liabilities		53.6		51.6
Net pension liability		75.9		68.8
Total liabilities		140.3		131.4
Deferred Inflows of Resources		2.6		5.1
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		142.9		136.5
Net Position (Deficit)				
Net investment in capital assets		15.8		17.5
Restricted		1.1		1.4
Unrestricted		(67.2)		(67.3)
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(50.3)	<u>\$</u>	(48.4)

The above analysis focuses on the net position (deficit) (see Table 1). The change in net position (deficit) (see Table 2) of the School District's governmental activities is discussed below. The School District's net position (deficit) was (\$50.3) million at June 30, 2016 and (\$48.4) million at June 30, 2015. Net investment in capital assets totaling \$15.8 million at June 30, 2016 and \$17.5 million at June 30, 2015 compares the original cost, less depreciation of the School District's capital assets, to long-term debt used to finance the acquisition of those assets. Most of the debt will be repaid from voter-approved property taxes collected as the debt service comes due. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the School District's ability to use those resources for day-to-day operations. The remaining amount of net position (deficit) of (\$67.2) million was unrestricted.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The (\$67.2) million in unrestricted net position (deficit) of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations and the impact of the net pension liability. The unrestricted net position balance, when positive, enables the School District to meet working capital and cash flow requirements as well as to provide for future uncertainties. The operating results of the General Fund will have a significant impact on the change in unrestricted net position from year to year.

The results of this year's operations for the School District as a whole are reported in the statement of activities (Table 2), which shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2016 and 2015.

TABLE 2	Governmental Activities			
	Year Ended June 30			
		2015		
		(in m	illions)	
Revenue				
Program revenue:				
Charges for services	\$	1.4	\$	1.4
Operating grants and contributions		9.2		11.1
General revenue:				
Property taxes		9.7		9.6
State foundation allowance		32.9		33.5
Other		0.5		0.7
Total revenue		53.7		56.3
Functions/Program Expenses				
Instruction		30.7		31.7
Support services		15.7		16.0
Athletics		0.9		1.0
Food services		2.5		2.6
Community services		0.4		0.4
Interest on long-term debt		2.3		2.6
Debt Issuance Cost		0.3		-
Depreciation (unallocated)		2.8		2.8
Total functions/program expenses		55.6		57.1
Change in Net Position (Deficit)		(1.9)		(8.0)
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of year		(48.4)		(47.6)
Net Position (Deficit) - End of year	<u>\$</u>	(50.3)	\$	(48.4)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

As reported in the statement of activities, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$55.6 million in 2016 and \$57.1 million in 2015. Certain activities were partially funded from those who benefited from the programs (\$1.4 million in 2016 and 2015) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$9.2 million in 2016 and \$11.1 million in 2015). We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$9.7 million and \$9.6 million in taxes in 2016 and 2015, respectively, \$32.9 million in unrestricted state and federal aid in 2016 and \$33.5 million in 2015, and with our other revenue (i.e., interest and general entitlements).

The School District experienced a decrease in net position of \$1.9 million in 2016 and a decrease of \$0.8 million in 2015. The key reason for the change in net position is a continued decrease in operating income, mainly associated with continued declining enrollment.

As discussed above, the net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and the School District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Since property taxes for operations and unrestricted state aid constitute the vast majority of school district operating revenue sources, the Board of Education and administration must annually evaluate the needs of the School District and balance those needs with State-prescribed available unrestricted resources.

The School District's Funds

As we noted earlier, the School District uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps the reader consider whether the School District is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it and may provide more insight into the School District's overall financial health.

As the School District completed this year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$5.8 million, which is an increase of \$0.9 million from last year. The primary reasons for the increase was last year's use of capital funds for the ongoing construction of the Athletic Stadium at the West Complex.

In the General Fund, our principal operating fund, the fund balance increased from \$2.5 million to \$2.9 million. The change is mainly due to the correction of accounting accruals which resulted in a positive variance of \$0.6 million. This correction was an accumulation of prior years' account accruals. Without this accounting correction, the School District still had a negative operating balance of approximately \$0.1 million. The difference between budgeted \$0.5 million and actual was the reduction in fuel prices and energy costs. These two resulted in a positive variance of \$0.4 million.

General Fund fund balance is available to fund costs related to allowable school district operating purposes.

During the year, the School District collected taxes authorized by the 2007 Capital Bond in the amount of approximately \$3.8 million. Bond principal and interest payments were made in the amount of \$1.4 million and \$2.4 million, respectively, during the fiscal year, and the fund balance at June 30, 2016 for the 2007 Debt Service Fund was approximately \$1.4 million. This amount is necessary for the payment of bond interest due in November 2016. The 2007 Capital Bond was refinanced to save the taxpayers approximately \$6.1 million over the next 22 years. 2016 debt millage will see a reduction of 0.25 mills which results in saving taxpayers \$0.3 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the School District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenue and expenditures. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. The final amendment to the budget was actually adopted just before year end. A schedule showing the School District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in required supplemental information of these financial statements.

Revisions to the 2016-2015 General Fund original adopted budget include an increase in revenue of \$1.2 million of which \$1.1 was due to the State's MPSERS UAAL Rate Stabilization (147c) funding that came in higher than anticipated. Another \$0.1 million was due to additional funding from the State for Performance Based Funding and Foundation Equity payment due to an unexpected change in certain categorical revenue from the State and an unanticipated increase in foundation allowance payments due to actual student enrollment greater than original estimates.

Budgeted expenditures were increased \$1.2 million due to the MPSERS UAAL Rate Stabilization (147c) of \$1.1 million, \$0.8 million due to staffing and collective bargaining commitments, and \$0.1 million for additional curriculum program offerings and their related costs.

There were no significant variances between the final budget and actual amounts.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2016, the School District had \$66.1 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, vehicles, furniture, and equipment. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions, disposals, and depreciation) of approximately \$2 million from last year.

	2016			2015
Land and land improvements	\$	10,371,858	\$	9,735,457
Construction in progress		-		32,901
Buildings and building improvements		78,902,154		78,902,154
Buses and other vehicles		4,496,669		4,877,336
Furniture and equipment		9,136,891		9,121,459
Total capital assets		102,907,572		102,669,307
Less accumulated depreciation		36,795,710	_	34,568,552
Net capital assets	\$	66,111,862	\$	68,100,755

This year's additions of \$0.3 million included Athletic Complex improvements/construction and equipment and four new school buses. No debt was issued for these additions.

No major capital projects are planned for the 2016-2017 fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Debt

The School District has one Unlimited Tax Bond obligation outstanding for \$3.0 million whereby repayment is funded by the millage passed for the 2007 bond issue. During the year, taxes were collected in the amount of approximately \$3.8 million and principal and interest payments were made totaling approximately \$3.8 million. In the future, bond issue millage rates will be determined annually to ensure that the School District accumulates sufficient resources to pay annual bond principal and interest payments. During the year, the 2007 Debt Fund was partially refunded in the amount of \$40.1 million, of which all is outstanding at year end. The School District also has three separate Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds. These bonds have face values of \$775,000, \$500,000 and \$995,000, and outstanding balances of \$685,000, \$445,000 and \$995,000, respectively. These bonds were used to provide for energy-related improvements throughout the School District as well as to provide funds to assist in the renovations of the high schools and to prefund the building of the Athletic Complex on the West Campus. Repayment of these bonds will come from a combination of energy savings, fundraising activities, and general funds. More detailed information regarding these bonds is presented in Note 7.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay, sick leave, and capital leases. We present more detailed information about our long-term liabilities in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Our elected officials and administration consider many factors when setting the School District's Board of Education fiscal year budget. One of the most important factors affecting the budget is our student count. The State foundation revenue is determined by multiplying the blended student count by the foundation allowance per pupil. The blended count for the 2016 fiscal year is 10 percent and 90 percent of the February 2016 and October 2015 student counts, respectively. The budget was adopted in June 2015, based on an estimate of students that will be enrolled in September 2014. Approximately 83 percent of total General Fund revenue is from the foundation allowance. Under state law, the School District cannot access additional property tax revenue for general operations. As a result, school district funding is heavily dependent on the State's ability to fund local school operations. Based on early enrollment data at the start of the 2016 school year, we anticipate that the fall student count will be close to the estimates used in creating the comprehensive three-year budget. Once the final student count and related per pupil funding is validated, state law requires the School District to amend the budget if actual school district resources are not sufficient to fund original appropriations.

Since the School District's revenue is heavily dependent on state funding and the health of the State's School Aid Fund, the actual revenue received depends on the state's ability to collect revenue to fund its appropriation to school districts.

Contacting the District's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our taxpayers, parents, and investors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the Business Office.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

		Primary
	_G	overnment
	Go	overnmental
		Activities
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$	6,515,488
Receivables (Note 4)	•	8,064,886
Inventories		38,586
Prepaid costs		237,969
Restricted assets (Note 9)		1,398,205
Capital assets - Net (Note 5)		66,111,862
Total assets		82,366,996
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred charges on bond refunding (Note 7)		2,297,570
Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 10)		7,879,011
Deletted outflows related to perisions (Note 10)		7,077,011
Total deferred outflows of resources		10,176,581
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		92,543,577
Liabilities		
Accounts payable		1,068,806
Accrued payroll-related liabilities		4,044,758
State aid anticipation note (Note 11)		4,475,152
Accrued interest (Note 11)		376,583
Due to other governmental units		541,976
Unearned revenue (Note 4)		282,576
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Due within one year (Note 7)		2,157,859
Due in more than one year (Note 7)		51,417,059
Net pension liability (Note 10)	_	75,884,606
Total liabilities		140,249,375
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Deferred inflows related to pensions and		
revenue in support of pension payments made subsequent to the		
measurement date (Note 10)	_	2,635,928
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	_	142,885,303
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		15,814,814
Restricted - Debt service		1,105,050
Unrestricted	_	(67,261,590)
Total net position	<u> </u>	50,341,726)
i otal fiet position	<u>* (</u>	,,-

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2016

				Program	ı Rev			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
				Charges for		Operating Grants and	,	Governmental
		Expenses		Services		ontributions	`	Activities
Functions/Programs		Ехрепосо	_	OCI VICES	Ť	OTIC IDUCIONS	-	7 (CEIVICIOS
Primary government - Governmental								
activities:								
Instruction	\$	30,716,064	\$	-	\$	4,680,322	\$	(26,035,742)
Support services		15,694,560		117,638		2,595,244		(12,981,678)
Athletics		910,920		162,978		-		(747,942)
Food services		2,441,963		731,065		1,962,722		251,824
Community services		439,694		364,234		-		(75,460)
Intergovernmental transfers		29,615		-		-		(29,615)
Interest		2,303,112		-		-		(2,303,112)
Debt issuance costs		323,570		-		-		(323,570)
Depreciation expense (unallocated)		2,834,307	_		_		_	(2,834,307)
Total primary government	\$	55,693,805	<u>\$</u>	1,375,915	\$	9,238,288		(45,079,602)
	Ge	neral revenue	:					
		Taxes:						
		Property to	ixes	- Levied for g	ener	al purposes		5,883,581
		Property ta	ıxes	- Levied for d	ebt :	service		3,850,231
	9	State aid not i	esti	ricted to specif	ic p	urposes		32,938,468
	I	nterest and ir	ives	tment earning	S			13,479
	(Gain on the sa	ale c	of capital assets	5			17,069
	(Other					_	403,460
		Т	ota	l general rever	ue		_	43,106,288
	Ch	ange in N et	Pos	sition				(1,973,314)
	Ne	t Position -	Begi	nning of year			_	(48,368,412)
	Ne	t Position -	End	of year			\$	(50,341,726)

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2016

Access	General Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$ 5,007,934	\$ 1,507,554	\$ 6,515,488
Receivables (Note 4)	7,930,754	134,132	8,064,886
Due from other funds (Note 6)	125,049	2,000	127,049
Inventories	38,586	-	38,586
Prepaid assets	237,969	-	237,969
Restricted assets (Note 9)		1,398,205	1,398,205
Total assets	\$13,340,292	\$ 3,041,891	\$ 16,382,183
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 972,934	\$ 104,265	\$ 1,077,199
Accrued payroll-related liabilities	4,044,758	-	4,044,758
State aid anticipation note (Note 11)	4,475,152	-	4,475,152
Accrued interest (Note 11)	75,757	-	75,757
Due to other governmental units	541,976	-	541,976
Due to other funds (Note 6)	2,000	116,656	118,656
Unearned revenue (Note 4)	282,576		282,576
Total liabilities	10,395,153	220,921	10,616,074
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable:			
Inventory	38,586	-	38,586
Prepaid assets	237,969	-	237,969
Restricted:			
Capital projects	=	205,103	205,103
Debt service	-	1,405,876	1,405,876
Food service	-	480,467	480,467
Assigned:		707.504	707.504
Capital projects	-	727,524	727,524
Budgeted use of fund balance in subsequent year Debt service	1,126,210	2.000	1,126,210 2,000
	- 1 5/2 27/	2,000	
Unassigned	1,542,374		1,542,374
Total fund balances	2,945,139	2,820,970	5,766,109
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$13,340,292	\$ 3,041,891	\$ 16,382,183

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

Fund Balance Reported in Governmental Funds			\$	5,766,109
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the star of net position are different because:	tem	ent		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds:				
Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$ —	102,907,572 (36,795,710)		66,111,862
Deferred charges on bond refunding reported as expenditures in the governmental funds are capitalized and amortized in the statement of activities				2,297,570
activities				2,277,370
Deferred outflows related to pension payments made subsequent to the measurement date				7,879,011
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the governmental funds:				
Bonds payable including premium Compensated absences Risk liability		(52,594,618) (293,000) (687,300)		(53,574,918)
Accrued interest payable is not included as a liability in governmental funds				(300,826)
Net pension obligations do not present a claim on current financial resources and are not reported as fund liabilities				(75,884,606)
Deferred inflows related to pension investment returns and changes in assumptions and revenue in support of pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date are not reported in the governmental funds				(2,635,928)
Net Position of Governmental Activities			<u>\$</u>	(50,341,726)

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2016

	General Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenue	# 7,000,407	4 4 70 4 000	ф 11.004.50 5
Local sources	\$ 7,090,487	\$ 4,794,098	\$ 11,884,585
State sources	40,640,725	133,758	40,774,483
Federal sources	1,370,430	1,743,201	3,113,631
Total revenue	49,101,642	6,671,057	55,772,699
Expenditures			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Basic program	23,883,265	-	23,883,265
Added needs	7,150,629	-	7,150,629
Support services	15,888,915	30,610	15,919,525
Athletics	922,460	_	922,460
Food services	-	2,453,535	2,453,535
Community services	447,581	-	447,581
Debt service:			
Principal	-	1,450,000	1,450,000
Interest	-	2,472,089	2,472,089
Other	=	323,570	323,570
Capital outlay	296,067	777,249	1,073,316
Intergovernmental transfers	29,615		29,615
Total expenditures	48,618,532	7,507,053	56,125,585
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	483,110	(835,996)	(352,886)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	17,069	_	17,069
Payment to escrow agent	, -	(47,272,693)	(47,272,693)
Transfers in (Note 6)	92,823	219,212	312,035
Transfers out (Note 6)	(127,212)	(184,823)	(312,035)
Face value of debt issued	-	41,070,000	41,070,000
Premium on debt issued		7,419,618	7,419,618
Total other financing (uses) sources	(17,320)	1,251,314	1,233,994
Net Change in Fund Balances	465,790	415,318	881,108
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	2,479,349	2,405,652	4,885,001
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 2,945,139	\$ 2,820,970	\$ 5,766,109

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2016

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds			\$ 881,108
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation:			
Depreciation expense Capitalized capital outlay	\$ —	(2,834,307) 845,414	(1,988,893)
Bond proceeds provide financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long- term liabilities in the statement of activities			(41,070,000)
Underwriter's premium reported as revenue in the funds and amortized in the statement of activities			(7,353,758)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt)			45,075,000
Interest expense is recorded in the statement of activities when incurred; it is not reported in governmental funds until paid			103,117
Deferred charges on debt refunding were recognized at the government-wide level and are being amortized to expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of			
activities			3,647,693
Change in pension expense related to deferred items			793,496
Compensated absences, as well as self-insured liability claims, are recorded when earned in the statement of activities. In the current year, more was earned than paid out			8,200
Revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date			 (2,069,277)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$ (1,973,314)

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2016

	•	Private Purpose Trust A		
Assets - Cash and cash equivalents	\$	23,720	<u>\$</u>	587,508
Liabilities				
Due to student groups		-		579,115
Due to other funds (Note 6)				8,393
Total liabilities			<u>\$</u>	587,508
Net Position	<u>\$</u>	23,720		

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Private Purpose Trust
Additions - Revenue	\$ 523
Deductions - Scholarships and other expenses	 37
Change in Net Position	486
Net Position - Beginning of year	 23,234
Net Position - End of year	\$ 23,720

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County (the "School District") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the School District:

Reporting Entity

The School District is governed by an elected seven-member Board of Education. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational financial relationships that determine which of the governmental organizations are a part of the School District's reporting entity, and which organizations are legally separate component units of the School District. Based on the application of the criteria, the School District does not contain any component units.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. All of the School District's government-wide activities are considered governmental activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenue includes (I) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes, intergovernmental payments, and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants, categorical aid, and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position or fund balance are available, the School District's policy is to first apply restricted resources. When an expense is incurred for purposes which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it is the School District's policy to spend funds in this order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Amounts reported as program revenue include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided and (2) operating grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes and unrestricted state aid.

Fund Financial Statements - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenue not meeting this definition is classified as a deferred inflow of resources. For this purpose, the School District considers revenue to be available if it is collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, unrestricted state aid, intergovernmental grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the School District.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fiduciary fund statements are also reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The School District reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - The General Fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the School District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Additionally, the School District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Fund - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The School District's Special Revenue Fund includes the Cafeteria Fund. Any operating deficit generated by this fund is the responsibility of the General Fund. Revenue sources for the Cafeteria Fund consist of sales to customers, as well as dedicated state and federal grants.

Debt Service Funds - The 2007 Debt Service Fund is used to record tax, interest, and other revenue for payment of interest, principal, and other expenditures of the 2007 bond issue. The 2013 Debt Service Fund, 2014 Debt Service Fund, and 2015 Debt Service Fund are used to record interest, principal, and other expenditures of the 2013, 2014, and 2015 resolution bonds, respectively. The 2016 Refunding Debt Service Fund was created for the advance refunding of a portion of the 2007 bond issue.

Capital Projects Funds - Capital projects funds are used to report capital project activities. The School District has the following capital projects funds:

Sinking Fund - The Capital Projects Sinking Fund reports capital project activities funded with Sinking Fund millage. For this fund, the School District has complied with the provisions of Section 1212(1) of the State of Michigan School Code.

Sale of Facilities Fund - The Capital Projects Sale of Facilities Fund reports proceeds received from the sale of the School District's buildings or other revenue and the disbursement of invoices specifically designated for school district renovation of student facilities. The fund operates until the purpose for which it was created is accomplished.

Athletic Complex Fund - The Athletic Complex Fund reports contributions as revenue and the disbursement of invoices specifically designated for school district athletic facilities. The fund operates until the purpose for which it was created is accomplished.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Resolution Bond Funds - The 2015 Limited Tax School Building and Site Bonds Capital Project Fund Resolution funds are used to record bond proceeds or other revenue and the disbursement of invoices specifically designated for capital projects. The funds operate until the purpose for which they were created is accomplished.

Fiduciary Funds - The School District manages certain funds in a fiduciary capacity. These funds are allocated for in private-purpose trust funds or in an Agency Fund.

Agency Fund - The Agency Fund is used to record the transactions of student and community groups for school and school-related purposes. The fund is segregated and held in trust for the students.

Private Purpose Trust Fund - The Private Purpose Trust Fund is used to account for resources legally held in trust, including contributions received by the School District to be awarded in the form of scholarships.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and demand deposits.

Receivables and Payables - In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. The School District considers all receivables to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible amounts is recorded. Property taxes are assessed as of December 31 and the related property taxes become a lien on December 1 of the following year. These taxes are billed on December 1 for the entire amount of the property taxes. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1 of the following year. At this time, penalties and interest are assessed and the total obligation is added to the county tax rolls.

Inventories and Prepaid Assets - Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid costs in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Restricted Assets - The unspent property tax revenue levied for the Sinking Fund requires amounts to be set aside for construction and other allowable expenditures. In addition, the unspent property taxes levied in the Debt Service Funds are required to be set aside for future bond principal and interest payments. These amounts have been classified as restricted assets.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles, are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Costs of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value or materially extend asset life are not capitalized. The School District does not have infrastructure-type assets.

Buildings, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and building additions	20 to 50 years
Buses and other vehicles	5 to 10 years
Furniture and other equipment	3 to 10 years

Compensated Absences - The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide statements consists of earned but unused accumulated vacation and sick leave benefits. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds as it comes due for payment. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments at normal retirement age and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon normal retirement are included.

Long-term Obligations - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. First, the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The other deferred outflow is related to the pension plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are the deferred inflows related to the pension plan and revenue in support of pension payments made subsequent to the measurement date.

Fund Balance - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following components of fund balance:

- Nonspendable: Amounts that are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact
- Restricted: Amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation for use for a specific purpose
- Committed: Amounts that have been formally set aside by the Board of Education for use for use for specific purposes. Commitments are made and can be rescinded only via resolution of the Board of Education.
- Assigned: Intent to spend resources on specific purposes expressed by the Board of Education

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

• Unassigned: Amounts that do not fall into any other category above. This is the residual classification for amounts in the General Fund and represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes in the General Fund. In other governmental funds, only negative unassigned amounts are reported, if any, and represent expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeding the amounts previously restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

The Board of Education has set a target fund balance as 10 percent of expenditures in the General Fund. This is deemed to be the prudent amount to maintain the School District's ability to meet obligations as they come due throughout the year.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Comparative Data - Comparative data are not included in the School District's financial statements.

Pensions - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. MPSERS uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized as expense when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Related plan investments are reported at fair value.

Adoption of New Standards - As of June 30, 2016, the Organization adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, and No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. GASB Statement No. 79 provides guidance for determining whether certain investment pools can continue to be accounted for using amortized cost. The adoptions did not have a significant impact on amounts reported in the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information - Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and state law for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The budget document presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level. State law requires the School District to have its budget in place by July I. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted are a violation of Michigan law. State law permits districts to amend their budgets during the year. During the year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner. For budgeting purposes, capital outlay is classified within the related function and athletics is included within central services. Capital outlay and athletics are segregated on the statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. Additionally, for budgeting purposes, proceeds from the sale of capital assets are classified within local revenue. Proceeds are segregated on the statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.

Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the goods or services have not been received as of year end; the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds - The School District did not have significant expenditure budget variances.

The Capital Projects Sinking Fund records capital project activities funded with the Sinking Fund millage. For this fund, the School District has complied with the applicable provisions of §1212(1) of the State of Michigan's School Code.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

State statutes and the School District's investment policy authorize the School District to make deposits in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The School District is also allowed to invest in U.S. Treasury or agency obligations, U.S. government repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase, mutual funds, and investment pools that are composed of authorized investment vehicles. The School District's deposits are in accordance with statutory authority.

The School District has designated two banks for the deposit of its funds.

The investment policy adopted by the board in accordance with state statutes has authorized investment in all the allowable investment vehicles noted above.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The School District's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District's investment policy requires that financial institutions be evaluated and only those with an acceptable risk level be used for the School District's deposits for custodial credit risk. As of year end, the School District's deposit balance of \$8,783,058 included \$8,259,338 of bank deposits (checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The School District evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Custodial Credit Risk of Investments - Custodial credit risk of investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of the outside party. The School District's policy for custodial credit risk states custodial credit risk will be minimized by limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by state law and by pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which the School District will do business using the criteria established in the investment policy. At June 30, 2016, the School District did not have investments with custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The School District's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities, other than commercial paper, which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity. The School District's policy minimizes interest rate risk by requiring the structuring of the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools, and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the School District's cash requirements.

Credit Risk - State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The School District's investment policy does not further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The School District places no limit on the amount the School District may invest in any one issuer. The School District's policy minimizes concentration of credit risk by requiring diversification of the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. The School District has no investments as of June 30, 2016.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Foreign Currency Risk - Foreign currency risk is the risk that an investment denominated in the currency of a foreign country could reduce its U.S. dollar value as a result of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. State law and the School District's policy prohibit investment in foreign currency.

Note 4 - Receivables and Unavailable/Unearned Revenue

Receivables as of year end for the School District's individual major and nonmajor funds, in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Nonmajor								
		Governmental							
	G	eneral Fund		Total					
Receivables:									
Taxes	\$	3,791	\$	7,671	\$	11,462			
Accounts receivable		20,016		-		20,016			
Intergovernmental		7,906,947		126,461		8,033,408			
Total receivables	\$	7,930,754	\$	134,132	\$	8,064,886			

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, there was no unavailable revenue and there was unearned revenue related to grant and categorical aid payments received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements in the amount of \$282,576.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the School District's governmental activities was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions and Adjustments	Disposals and Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2016
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 993,061 32,901	\$ -	\$ - 32,901	\$ 993,061
Construction in progress Subtotal	1,025,962	-	32,901	993,061
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	8,742,396	636,401	-	9,378,797
Building and building improvements	78,902,154	-	-	78,902,154
Furniture and equipment	9,121,459	15,432	-	9,136,891
Buses and other vehicles	4,877,336	226,482	607,149	4,496,669
Subtotal	101,643,345	878,315	607,149	101,914,511
Accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	2,905,429	405,773	-	3,311,202
Buildings and improvements	23,863,106	1,566,426	-	25,429,532
Furniture and equipment	4,213,592	559,438	-	4,773,030
Buses and other vehicles	3,586,425	302,670	607,149	3,281,946
Subtotal	34,568,552	2,834,307	607,149	36,795,710
Net capital assets being depreciated	67,074,793	(1,955,992)		65,118,801
Net capital assets	\$ 68,100,755	\$ (1,955,992)	\$ 32,901	\$ 66,111,862

Depreciation expense was not charged to activities as the School District considers its assets to impact multiple activities and allocation is not practical.

Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

			١	Nonmajor			
			Go	vernmental			
Fund Due To	Fund Due To General Fund		Funds		Agency Fund		Total
General Fund Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	- 2,000	\$	116,656 <u>-</u>	\$	8,393 <u>-</u>	\$ 125,049 2,000
Total	\$	2,000	\$	116,656	\$	8,393	\$ 127,049

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)

These balances result from the time lag between the dates that goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made. The due to/from between the General Fund and the Cafeteria Fund was to pay the General Fund for indirect costs incurred on behalf of the Cafeteria Fund.

Interfund Transfers

Transfers of \$127,212 from the General Fund to the 2013 Project Bond Debt Service Fund, the 2014 Project Bond Debt Service Fund, and the 2015 Project Bond Debt Service Fund covered the principal and interest payments owed on the bonds.

Transfer of \$92,000 from the 2007 Bond Debt Service Fund to the 2016 Refunding Bond Debt Service Fund related to the refunding of the 2007 Bond.

Transfer of \$92,823 from the Cafeteria Fund to the General Fund reimbursed the General Fund for its share of indirect costs.

Note 7 - Long-term Debt

The School District issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and the acquisition of certain equipment. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District. Qualified bonds are fully guaranteed by the State of Michigan. Other long-term obligations include compensated absences and certain risk liabilities.

Long-term debt activity can be summarized as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions	E	nding Balance		Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities										
Bonds	\$	49,180,000	\$	41,070,000	\$	45,075,000	\$	45,175,000	\$	1,590,000
Bond premium		1,415,983		7,419,618		1,415,983		7,419,618		353,315
Deferred outflow - Deferred charges from refunding bonds	_		_	(2,297,570)		-		(2,297,570)	_	(109,408)
Total bonds payable		50,595,983		46,192,048		46,490,983		50,297,048		1,833,907
Other obligations	_	988,500	_	1,003,311	_	1,011,511	_	980,300	_	214,544
Total governmental activities	\$	51,584,483	\$	47,195,359	\$	47,502,494	\$	51,277,348	\$	2,048,451

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 7 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above governmental bond obligations are as follows:

		Governmental Activities						
Years Ending June 30			Principal		Interest		Total	
Julie 30		_	ТППСІРАІ	_	IIILEI ESL	_	1 Otal	
2017		\$	1,590,000	\$	4,086,323	\$	5,676,323	
2018			1,665,000		4,293,350		5,958,350	
2019			1,575,000		2,018,410		3,593,410	
2020			1,635,000		1,957,570		3,592,570	
2021			1,700,000		1,893,705		3,593,705	
2022-2026			9,760,000		8,238,744		17,998,744	
2027-2031			11,915,000		5,629,599		17,544,599	
2032-2036			12,760,000		2,562,250		15,322,250	
2037			2,575,000	_	128,750	_	2,703,750	
	Total	<u>\$</u>	45,175,000	<u>\$</u>	30,808,701	<u>\$</u>	75,983,701	
Governmenta	al Activities							
General obligat	tion bonds consist of the	foll	owing:					
	 2007 General Obligation of \$1,450,000 to \$1,5 00 percent 					\$	2,975,000	
	nited Tax School Building of \$30,000 to \$40,000 t	•						
2.60 percent			54611 lay 20	,	intorest at		445,000	
installments (nited Tax School Building of \$50,000 to \$65,000 the to 3.62 percent						685,000	
1.72 percent	to 3.62 percent						665,000	
installments (nited Tax School Building of \$60,000 to \$85,000 the to 4.00 percent						995,000	
\$1,435,000	Refunding Bonds due to \$2,575,000 through							
percent to 5	.00 percent						40,075,000	
	Total bonded debt					\$	45,175,000	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 7 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Other governmental activities long-term obligations include the following:

Employee compensated absences	\$	293,000
Risk liability		687,300
Total	 \$	980,300

Advance and Current Refundings - During the year, the School District issued \$40,075,000 in general obligation bonds with an average interest rate of 2.56 percent. The proceeds of these bonds were used to advance refund \$43,625,000 of outstanding 2007 bonds with an average interest rate of 5.01 percent. The net proceeds of \$42,272,693 (after payment of \$313,925 in underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the original bonds. As a result, the bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for the bonds has been removed from the School District's long-term obligations. The advance refunding reduced total debt service payments by approximately \$6,018,867, which represents an economic gain of approximately \$4,831,269.

In the current year, the School District defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust accounts assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the basic financial statements. At June 30, 2016, \$43,625,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Note 8 - Risk Management

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The School District has purchased commercial insurance for medical benefits, certain property loss, and errors and omissions claims and participates in the MAISL shared-risk pool for claims relating to property loss and torts; the School District is self-insured for dental and vision. The School District is uninsured up to a \$300,000 specific occurrence retention limit for employee injuries (workers' compensation) claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The shared-risk pool program in which the School District participates operates as a common risk-sharing management program for school districts in Michigan; member premiums are used to purchase commercial excess insurance coverage and to pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 8 - Risk Management (Continued)

The School District estimates the liability for employee injury claims and for dental and vision benefits that have been incurred through the end of the fiscal year, including both those claims that have been reported as well as those that have not yet been reported. These estimates are recorded in the government-wide statements. Changes in the estimated liability for the past two fiscal years were as follows:

	2016		2015
Estimated liability - Beginning of year	\$	707,700	\$ 680,900
Estimated claims incurred - Including changes in			
estimates		889,311	900,102
Claim payments		(909,711)	 (873,302)
Estimated liability - End of year	<u>\$</u>	687,300	\$ 707,700

Note 9 - Restricted Assets

The balance of \$1,398,205 for the restricted asset accounts is related to monies reserved to pay off future debt.

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The School District participates in the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (MPSERS or the "System"), a statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system governed by the State of Michigan that covers substantially all employees of the School District. The System provides retirement, survivor, and disability benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The System also provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees and beneficiaries who elect to receive those benefits.

The Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information for the pension and postemployment healthcare plans. That report is available on the web at http://www.michigan.gov/orsschools, or by writing to the Office of Retirement System (ORS) at 7150 Harris Drive, P.O. Box 30171, Lansing, MI 48909.

Contributions - Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, required the School District to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of pension benefits of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by state statute and may be amended only by action of the state legislature. Under these provisions, each school district's contribution is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance a portion of the unfunded accrued liability.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (Continued)

School districts' contributions are determined based on employee elections. There are seven different benefit options included in the plan available to employees based on date of hire. Contribution rates are adjusted annually by the ORS.

The range of rates is as follows:

School District

October I, 2014 - September 30, 2015 18.76% - 23.07% October I, 2015 - June 30, 2016 14.56% - 18.95%

Depending on the plan selected, plan member contributions range from 0 percent up to 7.0 percent of gross wages. Plan members electing into the defined contribution plan are not required to make additional contributions.

The School District's required and actual contributions to the plan for the years ended June 30, 2016 was \$7,232,280. The School District's required and actual contributions include an allocation of \$2,069,277 of revenue received from the State of Michigan, and remitted to the System, to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) Stabilization Rate for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Benefits Provided - Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by state statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan.

Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are calculated as final average compensation times years of service times a pension factor ranging from 1.25 percent to 1.50 percent. The requirements to retire range from attaining the age of 46 to 60 with years of service ranging from 5 to 30 years, depending on when the employee became a member. Early retirement is computed in the same manner as a regular pension, but is permanently reduced 0.50 percent for each full and partial month between the pension effective date and the date the member will attain age 60. There is no mandatory retirement age.

Members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. The disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings are limited to 100 percent of the participant's final average compensation with an increase of 2 percent each year thereafter.

Benefits may transfer to a beneficiary upon death and are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits, but with an actuarial reduction.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (Continued)

Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance subsequent to the employee's retirement date. The annual adjustment, if applicable, is 3 percent. For some members who do not receive an annual increase, they are eligible to receive a supplemental payment in those years when investment earnings exceed actuarial assumptions.

Net Pension Liability, Deferrals, and Pension Expense - At June 30, 2016, the School District reported a liability of \$75,884,606 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2015 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2014, which used updated procedures to roll forward the estimated liability to September 30, 2015. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2015, the School District's proportion was 0.310684 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the School District recognized pension expense of \$6,329,571, exclusive of payments to fund the MPSERS UAAL Stabilization Rate. At June 30, 2016, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	(251,352)		
Changes of assumptions		1,868,440		-		
Net difference between projected and						
actual earnings on pension plan assets		387,330		-		
Changes in proportion and differences						
between the School District's						
contributions and proportionate share of						
contributions		2,280		(315,299)		
The School District's contributions						
subsequent to the measurement date		5,620,961				
Total	\$	7,879,011	\$	(566,651)		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (Continued)

Years Ending June 30		Amount				
2017		\$	128,636			
2018			128,636			
2019			27,370			
2020			1,406,757			
	Total	\$	1,691,399			

In addition, the contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next year.

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability as of September 30, 2015 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2014 and rolled forward:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal cost actuarial cost method
Investment rate of return	7.00 to 8.00 percent, net of investment expenses based on the groups
Salary increases	3.50 - 12.3 percent, including wage inflation of 3.5 percent
Mortality basis	RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2025 using projection scale BB
Cost of living pension adjustments	3 percent annual noncompounded for MIP members

The actuarial assumptions used for the September 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from October 1, 2007 to September 30, 2012. As a result of this study, the actuarial assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00-8.00 percent depending on the plan option. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at contractually required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Investment Category	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools	28.0 %	5.9 %
Private equity pools	18.0	9.2
International equity pools	16.0	7.2
Fixed-income pools	10.5	0.9
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.0	4.3
Real return, opportunistic, and absolute pool	15.5	6.0
Short-term investment pools	2.0	-
Total	100.0 %	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the net pension liability of the School District calculated using the discount rate of 7.00-8.00 percent, depending on the plan option. The following also reflects what the School District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00 percentage point lower (6.0 - 7.0 percent) or 1.00 percentage point higher (8.0 - 9.0 percent) than the current rate:

1.00 Percent Decre		ent Discount Rate	I.00 Percent Increase			
(6.0-7.0 Percent		.0-8.0 Percent)	(8.0-9.0 Percent)			
\$ 97,83	4,710 \$	75,884,606 \$	57,379,770			

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS financial report.

Payable to the Pension Plan - At June 30, 2016, the School District reported a payable of \$913,235 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) - Under the MPSERS act, all retirees participating in the MPSERS pension plan have the option of continuing health, dental, and vision coverage through MPSERS. Retirees electing this coverage contribute an amount equivalent to the monthly cost for Part B Medicare and 10 percent, or 20 percent for those not Medicare eligible, of the monthly premium amount for the health, dental, and vision coverage at the time of receiving the benefits. The MPSERS board of trustees annually sets the employer contribution rate to fund the benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Participating employers are required to contribute at that rate. School District - The employer contribution rate ranged from 2.2 percent to 2.71 percent of covered payroll for the period from July 1, 2015 to September 30, 2015 and from 6.4 percent to 6.83 percent of covered payroll for the period from October I, 2015 through June 30, 2016 dependent upon the employee's date of hire and plan election as noted above. Members can choose to contribute 3 percent of their covered payroll to the Retiree Healthcare Fund and keep this premium subsidy benefit or they can elect not to pay the 3 percent contribution and instead choose the Personal Healthcare Fund, which can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Members electing the Personal Healthcare Fund will be automatically enrolled in a 2 percent employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date and create a 2 percent employer match into the employee's 403B account.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (Continued)

The School District's required and actual contributions to the plan for retiree healthcare benefits for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$1,402,957, \$1,710,540, and \$1,814,582, respectively. In addition, a portion ranging from 35-100 percent of the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) Stabilization Rate is considered a contribution to the retiree healthcare plan.

Note I I - State Aid Anticipation Note

On August 20, 2015, Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County borrowed \$9 million in a state aid anticipation note. The note bears interest at a rate ranging from 0.64 to 1.46 percent. A total of \$3.75 million of this note is due on August 22, 2016 and the remaining \$5.25 million is due in monthly installments including interest ranging from \$750,541 to \$765,784 from January 20, 2016 through July 20, 2016. As of June 30, 2016, \$4,475,152 in principal is outstanding and interest of \$75,757 has been accrued.

Note 12 - Subsequent Events

On August 22, 2016, Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County borrowed \$5.5 million in a state aid anticipation note. The notes bear interest at a rate ranging from 0.76 percent to 1.2 percent. A total of \$2 million of this note is due on August 21, 2017 and the remaining \$3.5 million is due in monthly installments including interest ranging from \$500,357 to \$512,316 from January 20, 2017 through July 20, 2017.

Note 13 - Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which addresses reporting by governments that provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) to their employees and for governments that finance OPEB for employees of other governments. This OPEB standard will require the School District to recognize on the face of the financial statements its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability related to its participation in the MPSERS plan. The statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures and required supplemental information (RSI). The School District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the School District's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2018.

Required Supplemental Information

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	<u>Or</u>	riginal Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Over (Under) Final Budget
Revenue								
Local sources	\$	6,877,653	\$	6,862,931	\$	7,200,377	\$	337,446
State sources		39,633,166		40,696,450		40,640,725		(55,725)
Federal sources	_	1,389,968	_	1,588,327	_	1,370,430		(217,897)
Total revenue		47,900,787		49,147,708		49,211,532		63,824
Expenditures - Current:								
Instruction:								
Basic programs		23,588,822		23,421,334		23,347,827		(73,507)
Added needs		6,735,134		7,127,898		7,058,902		(68,996)
Capital outlay		2,510		16,813		12,395		(4,418)
Support services:								
Pupil		2,997,581		3,030,547		2,995,239		(35,308)
Instructional staff		2,426,197		2,510,699		2,601,252		90,553
General administration		509,001		543,112		563, 4 07		20,295
School administration		2,695,737		2,659,068		2,571,558		(87,510)
Business services		939,569		1,137,899		852,544		(285,355)
Operations and maintenance		3,746,758		3,579,133		3,312,686		(266,447)
Pupil transportation services		3,081,722		2,797,422		2,823,338		25,916
Central services		1,654,047		1,785,937		1,748,125		(37,812)
Capital outlay		275,939		302,402		254,458		(47,944)
Community services		427,980		468,892		447,585		(21,307)
Capital outlay		100,000		100,000		29,214		(70,786)
Intergovernmental transfers and								
other	_	117,831	_	136,512	_	127,212	_	(9,300)
Total expenditures	_	49,298,828	_	49,617,668	_	48,745,742	_	(871,926)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,398,041)		(469,960)		465,790		935,750
Fund Balance - July 1, 2015	_	2,479,349	_	2,479,349	_	2,479,349	_	
Fund Balance - June 30, 2016	\$	1,081,308	\$	2,009,389	\$	2,945,139	\$	935,750

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System Determined as of the Plan Year Ended September 30

	_	2015	_	2014	
School District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.31068 %		0.31237 %	
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	75,884,606	\$	68,803,150	
School District's covered employee payroll		25,788,550	\$	26,526,013	
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		294 %		259 %	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		62.92000 %		66.20000 %	

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County's Contributions to the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System Determined as of the Year Ended June 30

	 2016	 2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 7,064,308	\$ 5,701,242
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	7,064,308	5,701,242
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-
School District's covered employee payroll	25,165,151	26,190,001
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	28.07 %	21.77 %

Note to Pension Required Supplemental Information Schedules Year Ended June 30, 2016

Benefit Changes - There were no changes of benefit terms in 2015.

Changes in Assumptions - There were no changes of benefit assumptions in 2015.

Other Supplemental Information

	Special Revenue Funds	Revenue									
Assets	<u>Cafeteria</u>	F	2016 Refunding Bond		5 Project Bond		Project	201	3 Project Bond		2007 Debt
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Due from other funds	\$ 574,927 126,461	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- - 2,000	\$	- 7,671
Restricted assets									2,000		1,398,205
Total assets	\$ 701,388	<u>\$</u>	-	\$		<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	2,000	<u>\$</u>	1,405,876
Liabilities and Fund Balances											
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$ 104,265 116,656		- -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	- -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	220,921		-		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances Restricted: Capital projects Debt service Food service Assigned: Capital projects Debt service	- - 480,467 - -		- - - -		- - - -		- - - -		- - - 2,000		1,405,876 - - - -
Total fund balances	480,467	_	-		-		-		2,000	_	1,405,876
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 701,388	<u> </u>		\$		\$		\$	2,000	\$	1,405,876

Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

	Capital Pr	ojects Fund		
			2015 Limited	
			Tax School	
			Building and	
			Site Bonds	Total
			Capital	Nonmajor
	Sale of	Athletic	Project Fund	Governmental
Sinking Fund	Facilities	Complex	Resolution	Funds
\$ -	\$ 189,571 -	\$ 537,953 -	\$ 205,103	\$ 1,507,554 134,132
-	-	-	-	2,000
				1,398,205
<u> - </u>	\$ 189,571	\$ 537,953	\$ 205,103	\$ 3,041,891
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 104,265
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	116,656
-	-	-	-	220,921
			205,103	205,103
-	-	-	203,103	1,405,876
-	-	-	-	480,467
	100 ==:			707.5 5.
-	189,571	537,953	-	727,524 2,000
				2,000
	189,571	537,953	205,103	2,820,970
\$ -	\$ 189,571	\$ 537,953	\$ 205,103	\$ 3,041,891

Special Revenue Funds

Debt Service Funds

	Cafeteria	2007 Debt	2013 Project Bond	2014 Project Bond	2015 Project Bond	2016 Refunding Bond
Revenue Local sources State sources Federal sources	\$ 731,523 133,758 1,743,201	\$ 3,852,865 - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -
Total revenue Expenditures Current: Support services	2,608,482	3,852,865	-	-	-	-
Food services Food services Debt service: Principal Interest	2,453,535 - -	1,375,000 2,419,877	45,000 21,181	30,000 12,350	- - - 18,681	- - -
Other Capital outlay Total expenditures	2,471,976	3,794,877	66,181	42,350	18,681	313,925
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	136,506	57,988	(66,181)	(42,350)	(18,681)	(313,925)
Other Financing Sources Payment to escrow agent Transfers in Transfers out Face value of debt issued Premium on debt issued	- - (92,823) - -	- - (92,000) - -	- 66,181 - - -	- 42,350 - - -	- 18,681 - - -	(47,272,693) 92,000 - 40,075,000 7,419,618
Total other financing sources	(92,823)	(92,000)	66,181	42,350	18,681	313,925
Net Change in Fund Balances	43,683	(34,012)	-	-	-	-
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	436,784	1,439,888	2,000			
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 480,467	\$1,405,876	\$ 2,000	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Capital Pro	ojects Fund		
			2015 Limited	
			Tax School	
			Building and	
			Site Bonds	
			Capital	Total Nonmajor
	Sale of	Athletic	Project Fund	Governmental
Sinking Fund	Facilities	Complex	Resolution	Funds
Siliking Fund	racilities	Complex	Resolution	Fullus
\$ 3	\$ 1,324	\$ 208,053	\$ 330	\$ 4,794,098
-	-	-	-	133,758
				1,743,201
3	1,324	208,053	330	6,671,057
3,994	_	4,842	21,774	30,610
-	-	-	-	2,453,535
-	-	-	-	1,450,000
-	-	-	-	2,472,089
-	-	-	9,645	323,570 777,249
			758,808	777,247
3,994		4,842	790,227	7,507,053
(3,991)	1,324	203,211	(789,897)	(835,996)
-	-	-	-	(47,272,693)
-	-	-	-	219,212
-	-	-	-	(184,823)
-	-	-	995,000	41,070,000 7,419,618
				7,417,010
			995,000	1,251,314
(3,991)	1,324	203,211	205,103	415,318
3,991	188,247	334,742		2,405,652
<u>-</u>	\$ 189,571	\$ 537,953	\$ 205,103	\$ 2,820,970

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Net Position Private Purpose Trust Funds June 30, 2016

	Hall Endowment		Project Close-up		Beckwith		Total	
Assets - Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u>	8,346	<u>\$</u>	8,964	<u>\$</u>	6,410	<u>\$</u>	23,720
Net Position - Restricted for endowments	\$	8,346	\$	8,964	\$	6,410	\$	23,720

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Private Purpose Trust Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Hall		Project					
	Endowment		Close-up		Beckwith		Total	
Operating Revenue - Interest and other	\$	508	\$	9	\$	6	\$	523
Operating Expenses - Scholarships, other expenses, and transfers out to Lapeer County Community Foundation		_		_		37		37
			_				_	
Change in Net Position		508		9		(31)		486
Net Position - Beginning of year		7,838	_	8,955	_	6,441	_	23,234
Net Position - End of year	<u>\$</u>	8,346	<u>\$</u>	8,964	<u>\$</u>	6,410	\$	23,720

Other Supplemental Information Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness Year Ended June 30, 2016

	2007 Debt	2013 Project Bond	2014 Project Bond	2015 Project Bond	2016 Refunding Bond	
June 30	Principal	Principal	Principal	Principal	<u>Principal</u>	Total
2017	\$ 1,450,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 60,000	\$ -	\$ 1,590,000
2018	1,525,000	50,000	30,000	60,000	-	1,665,000
2019	-	50,000	30,000	60,000	1,435,000	1,575,000
2020	-	50,000	30,000	65,000	1,490,000	1,635,000
2021	-	55,000	30,000	65,000	1,550,000	1,700,000
2022	-	55,000	35,000	70,000	1,615,000	1,775,000
2023	-	60,000	35,000	70,000	1,695,000	1,860,000
2024	=	60,000	35,000	70,000	1,780,000	1,945,000
2025	=	60,000	35,000	75,000	1,870,000	2,040,000
2026	=	65,000	35,000	75,000	1,965,000	2,140,000
2027	-	65,000	40,000	80,000	2,065,000	2,250,000
2028	=	65,000	40,000	80,000	2,170,000	2,355,000
2029	-	-	40,000	80,000	2,275,000	2,395,000
2030	-	-	-	85,000	2,385,000	2,470,000
2031	-	-	-	-	2,445,000	2,600,000
2032	-	-	-	-	2,525,000	2,625,000
2033	-	-	-	-	2,545,000	2,650,000
2034	-	-	-	-	2,565,000	2,675,000
2035	-	-	-	-	2,565,000	2,565,000
2036	-	-	-	-	2,560,000	2,560,000
2037					2,575,000	2,575,000
Total	\$ 2,975,000	\$ 685,000	\$ 445,000	\$ 995,000	\$ 40,075,000	\$ 45,175,000
Principal payments due	May I					
Interest payments due	May I and November I					
Interest rate	5.00%	1.72% - 3.62%	2.60%	3.00% - 4.00%	4.00% - 5.00%	
Original issue	\$ 55,205,000	\$ 775,000	\$ 500,000	\$ 995,000	\$ 40,075,000	\$ 97,550,000